## FEDERAL MARITIME COMMISSION

## 46 CFR Part 506

## Docket No. 18-01

## RIN 3072-AC70

## INFLATION ADJUSTMENT OF CIVIL MONETARY PENALTIES

AGENCY: Federal Maritime Commission.

**ACTION:** Final Rule

SUMMARY: The Commission is publishing its adjustments to inflation annually, pursuant to

the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015 (2015 Act). The

2015 Act requires that agencies adjust and publish their civil penalties by January 15 each year.

**DATES:** This rule is effective on January 15, 2018.

## FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

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**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** This rule adjusts the civil monetary penalties assessable by the Commission in accordance with the 2015 Act, which became effective on November 2, 2015, Sec. 701 of Public Law 11-74. The 2015 Act further amended the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990 (FCPIAA), Pub. L. No. 101-410, 104 Stat. 890 (codified as amended at 28 U.S.C. 2461 note), in order to improve the effectiveness of civil monetary penalties and to maintain their deterrent effect.

The 2015 Act requires agencies to adjust civil monetary penalties under their jurisdiction by January 15 each year, based on changes in the consumer price index (CPI-U) using data from October in the previous calendar year. On December 15, 2017, the Office of Management and Budget published guidance stating that the CPI-U multiplier for October 2017 is 1.02041.<sup>1</sup> In order to complete the adjustment for January 2018, agencies must multiply the most recent civil penalty amounts in 46 CFR part 506.

### **Rulemaking Analyses and Notices**

## Notice and Effective Date

Adjustments under the FCPIAA, as amended by the 2015 Act, are not subject to the procedural rulemaking requirements of the Administrative Procedure Act (APA) (5 U.S.C. 553), including the requirements for prior notice, an opportunity for comment, and a delay between the issuance of a final rule and its effective date.<sup>2</sup> As noted above, the 2015 Act requires that the Commission adjust its civil monetary penalties no later than January 15 of each year.

## Congressional Review Act

The rule is not a "major rule" as defined by the Congressional Review Act, codified at 5 U.S.C. 801 *et seq*. The rule will not result in: (1) an annual effect on the economy of \$100,000,000 or more; (2) a major increase in costs or prices; or (3) significant adverse effects on competition, employment, investment, productivity, innovation, or the ability of United States-based companies to compete with foreign-based companies. 5 U.S.C. 804(2).

## Regulatory Flexibility Act

The Regulatory Flexibility Act (codified as amended at 5 U.S.C. 601–612) provides that whenever an agency promulgates a final rule after being required to publish a notice of proposed rulemaking under the APA (5 U.S.C. 553), the agency must prepare and make available a final

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Office of Management and Budget, M-18-03, Implementation of Penalty Inflation Adjustments for 2018, Pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act Improvements Act of 2015, at 1 (Dec. 15, 2017) (M-18-03).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> FCPIAA § 4(b)(2); M-17-11 at 2.

regulatory flexibility analysis (FRFA) describing the impact of the rule on small entities. 5 U.S.C. 604. As indicated above, this final rule is not subject to the APA's notice and comment requirements, and the Commission is not required to prepare an FRFA in conjunction with this final rule.

#### Paperwork Reduction Act

The Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (44 U.S.C. 3501–3521) requires an agency to seek and receive approval from the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) before collecting information from the public. 44 U.S.C. 3507. The agency must submit collections of information in rules to OMB in conjunction with the publication of the notice of proposed rulemaking. 5 CFR 1320.11. This final rule does not contain any collections of information, as defined by 44 U.S.C. 3502(3) and 5 CFR 1320.3(c).

#### *Regulation Identifier Number*

The Commission assigns a regulation identifier number (RIN) to each regulatory action listed in the Unified Agenda of Federal Regulatory and Deregulatory Actions (Unified Agenda). The Regulatory Information Service Center publishes the Unified Agenda in April and October of each year. You may use the RIN contained in the heading at the beginning of this document to find this action in the Unified Agenda, available at

http://www.reginfo.gov/public/do/eAgendaMain.

List of Subjects in 46 CFR Part 506

Administrative practice and procedure, Penalties.

For the reasons stated in the preamble, Part 506 of title 46 of the Code of Federal Regulations is amended as follows:

#### PART 506—CIVIL MONETARY PENALTY INFLATION ADJUSTMENT

1. The authority citation for part 506 continues to read as follows:

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Authority: 28 U.S.C. 2461.

2. Amend § 506.4 by revising paragraph (d) to read as follows:

# § 506.4 Cost of living adjustments of civil monetary penalties.

## \* \* \* \* \*

(d) Inflation adjustment. Maximum Civil Monetary Penalties within the jurisdiction of

the Federal Maritime Commission are adjusted for inflation as follows:

United States Code	Civil Monetary Penalty description	Maximum	Maximum
Citation		penalty	penalty as of
		amount as of	January 15,
		January 15,	2018
		2017	
46 U.S.C. 42304	Adverse impact on U.S. carriers by	2,011,061	2,052,107
	foreign shipping practices		
46 U.S.C. 41107(a)	Knowing and Willful violation/	57,391	58,562
	Shipping Act of 1984, or		
	Commission regulation or order		
46 U.S.C. 41107(b)	Violation of Shipping Act of 1984,	11,478	11,712
	Commission regulation or order, not		
	knowing and willful		
46 U.S.C. 41108(b)	Operating in foreign commerce after	114,782	117,125
	tariff suspension		
46 U.S.C. 42104	Failure to provide required reports,	9,054	9,239
	etc./ Merchant Marine Act of 1920		
46 U.S.C. 42106	Adverse shipping	1,810,706	1,847,663
	conditions/Merchant Marine Act of		
	1920		
46 U.S.C. 42108	Operating after tariff or service	90,535	92,383
	contract suspension/Merchant		
	Marine Act of 1920		
46 U.S.C. 44102	Failure to establish financial	22,868	23,335
	responsibility for non-performance	762	778
	of transportation		
46 U.S.C. 44103	Failure to establish financial	22,868	23,335
	responsibility for death or injury	762	778
31 U.S.C. 3802(a)(1)	Program Fraud Civil Remedies	10,957	11,181
	Act/makes false claim		

31 U.S.C. 3802(a)(2)	Program	Fraud	Civil	Remedies	10,957	11,181
	Act/giving	g false st	atement			

By the Commission.

Rachel E. Dickon, Assistant Secretary